November 14, 1751. THE Numb. 46.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Auream quiſquis Mediocritatem
Deligit, tutus caret obſoleti
Sordibus tecti, caret invidendâ
Sobrius Aulâ.

HOR.

AMONG many fanciful Parallels which Men of more Imagination than Experince have drawn between the natural and moral State of the World, it has been obſerved that Happineſs as well as Virtue conſiſts in Mediocrity; that it is neceſſary even to him who has no other Care than to paſs through the preſent State with Eaſe and Safety to avoid every Extreme; and that the middle Path is the Road of Security, on either Side of which, are the Pitfalls of Vice, and the Precipices of Ruin.

Thus the Maxim of *Cleobulus* the *Lindian*, METRON ARISTON, *Mediocrity is beſt*, has been long conſidered as an univerſal Principle, extended through the whole Compaſs of Life and Nature. The Experience of every Age ſeems to have given it new Confirmation, and to ſhew that nothing, however ſpecious or alluring, is to be purſued with Propriety, or enjoyed with Safety, beyond a certain Limit.

Even the Gifts of Nature, which may truly be conſidered as the moſt ſolid and durable of all terreſtrial Advantages, are found, when they exceed the middle Point, to be no very certain Cauſes of Felicity, and to draw the Poſſeſſor into many Calamities, eaſily avoided by others that have been leſs bountifully enriched or adorned. We ſee every Day Women periſhing with Infamy, by having been too willing to ſet their Beauty to Show, and others leſs miſerably, indeed, but yet with very ſharp Remorſe, languiſhing in Decay, Neglect, and Obſcurity, for having rated their youthful Charms at too high a Price. And, indeed, if the Opinion of *Bacon* be thought to deſerve much Regard, very few Sighs would be vented for eminent and ſuperlative Elegance of Form; "for beautiful Women, ſays he, are ſeldom of any great Accompliſhment, becauſe they, for the moſt Part, ſtudy Behaviour rather than Virtue."

Even Health and Vigour, and a happy Conſtitution of the corporeal Frame, though, to a common Degree, of abſolute Neceſſity to the Enjoyment of the Comforts, and to the Performance of the Duties of Life, and requiſite in yet a greater Meaſure, to the Accompliſhment of any Thing illuſtrious, or diſtinguiſhed, may yet, if we can judge by their apparent Conſequences, be ſometimes not very beneficial to thoſe on whom they are moſt liberally beſtowed. For they that frequent the Chambers of the Sick, will generally find the ſharpeſt Pains and moſt ſtubborn Maladies among thoſe whom Confidence of the Force of Nature betrayed to Negligence and Irregularity; and that Superfluity of Strength, which was at once their Boaſt and their Snare, has often, in the latter Part of Life, no other Effect than that it continues them long in Impotence and Anguiſh.

Theſe Gifts of Nature are however, always Bleſſings in themſelves, and to be acknowledged with Gratitude to him that gives them; ſince they are, in their regular and legitimate Conſequences, productive of Happineſs, and prove pernicious only by voluntary Corruption, or idle Negligence, and as there is little Danger of purſuing them with too much Ardour or Anxiety, becauſe no Skill or Diligence can hope to procure them, the Uncertainty of their Influence upon our Lives is mentioned, not to depreciate their real Value, but to repreſs the Diſcontent and Envy to which their Abſence often gives Occaſion in thoſe who do not enough ſuſpect their own Frailty, nor conſider how much leſs is the Calamity, of not poſſeſſing great Powers, than of not uſing them aright.

Of all thoſe Things that make us ſuperior to others there is none ſo much within the Reach of our Endeavours as Riches, nor any Thing more eagerly or conſtantly deſired. Poverty is an Evil always in our View, an Evil complicated with ſo many Circumſtances of Uneaſineſs and Vexation, that every Man is ſtudious to avoid it. Some Degree of Riches is therefore required, that we may be exempt from the Gripe of Neceſſity; when this Purpoſe is once attained, we naturally wiſh for more, that the Evil which is regarded with ſo much Horror may be yet at a greater Diſtance from us; as he that has once felt or dreaded the Paw of a Savage, will not be at Reſt 'til they are parted by ſome Barrier which may take away all Poſſibility of a ſecond Attack.

To this Point, if Fear be not unreaſonably indulged, *Cleobulus* would, perhaps, not refuſe to extend his Mediocrity. But it almoſt always happens, that the Man who grows rich changes his Notions of Poverty, ſtates his Wants by ſome new Meaſure, and from flying the Enemy that purſued him, bends his Endeavours to overtake thoſe whom he ſees before him. The Power of gratifying his Appetites encreaſes their Demands; a thouſand Wiſhes croud in upon him importunate to be ſatisfied, and Vanity and Ambition open Proſpects to Deſire, which ſtill grow wider, as they are more contemplated.

Thus in Time Want is enlarged without Bounds; an Eagerneſs for Increaſe of Poſſeſſions deluges the Soul, and we ſink into the Gulphs of Deſire, only becauſe we do not ſufficiently conſider, that all real Need is very ſoon ſupplied, and all real Danger of its Invaſion eaſily precluded; that the Claims of Vanity, being without Limits, muſt be denied at laſt; and that, perhaps, the Pain of repreſſing them is leaſt before they have been long accuſtomed to Compliance.

Whoſoever ſhall look heedfully upon thoſe who are eminent for their Riches, will not think their Condition ſuch as that he ſhould hazard his Quiet, and much leſs his Virtue to obtain it. For all that great Wealth can give above a moderate Fortune, is more Room for the Freaks of Caprice, and more Privilege for Ignorance and Vice, a quicker Succeſſion of Flatteries, and a larger Circle of Voluptuouſneſs.

There is one Reaſon ſeldom remarked, which makes great Riches leſs deſirable. Too much Wealth is very frequently the Occaſion of Poverty. He whom the Wantonneſs of Abundance has once ſoftened, very eaſily ſinks into Neglect of his Affairs; and he that thinks he can afford to be negligent is not far from being poor. He will ſoon be involved in Perplexities, which his Inexperience will render inſurmountable; he will fly for Help to thoſe whoſe Intereſt it is that he ſhould be more diſtreſſed, and will be at laſt torn to Pieces by the Vultures that always hover over Fortunes in Decay.

When the Plains of *India* were burnt up by a long Continuance of Drought; *Hamet* and *Raſchid*, two neighbouring Shepherds, faint with Thirſt, ſtood at the common Boundary of their Grounds, with their Flocks and Herds panting round them, and, in the Height of Diſtreſs, prayed for Water. On a ſudden the Air was becalmed, and the Birds ceaſed to chirp, and the Flocks to bleat. They turned their Eyes every Way, and ſaw a Being of mighty Stature advancing through the Valley, whom they knew upon his nearer Approach to be the Genius of Diſtribution. In one Hand he held the Sheaves of Plenty, and in the other the Sabre of Deſtruction. The Shepherds ſtood trembling and would have retired before him; but he called to them, with a Voice, gentle as the Breeze that plays in the Evening among the Spices of *Sabæa*; "Fly not from your "Benefactor, Children of the Duſt! I am come to offer you Gifts, "which only your own Folly can make vain. You here pray for Wa- "ter, and Water I will beſtow; let me know with how much you will "be ſatisfied: Speak not raſhly; conſider, that of whatever can be en- "joyed by the Body, Exceſs is no leſs dangerous than Scarcity. When "you remember the Pain of Thirſt, do not forget the Danger of Suffo- "cation. Now, *Hamet*, tell me your Requeſt."

"O Being, kind and beneficent," ſays *Hamet*, "let thy Eye pardon "my Confuſion. I entreat a little Brook, which in Summer ſhall never "be dry, and in Winter never overflow." "It is granted," replies the Genius; and immediately he opened the Ground with his Sabre, and a Fountain bubbled up under their Feet, which ſcattered its Rills over the Meadows; the Flowers renewed their Fragrance, the Trees ſpread a greener Foliage, and the Flocks and Herds quenched their Thirſt.

Then turning to *Raſchid*, the Genius invited him likewiſe to offer his Petition. "I requeſt, ſays *Raſchid*, that thou wilt turn the *Ganges* through "my Grounds, with all his Waters, and all their Inhabitants." *Hamet* was ſtruck with the Greatneſs of his Neighbour's Sentiments, and ſecretly repined in his Heart, that he had not made the ſame Petition before him; when the Genius ſpoke, "Raſh Man, be not inſatiable! Remember that "to thee That is nothing, which thou canſt not uſe; and how are thy "Wants greater than the Wants of *Hamet*?" *Raſchid* repeated his Deſire, and pleaſed himſelf with the mean Appearance that *Hamet* would make in the Preſence of the Proprietor of the *Ganges*. The Genius then retired towards the River, and the two Shepherds ſtood waiting the Event. And as *Raſchid* was looking with Contempt upon his Neighbour, on a ſudden was heard the Roar of Torrents, and they found by the mighty Stream that the Mounds of the *Ganges* were broken. The Flood rolled forward into the Lands of *Raſchid*, his Plantations were torn up, his Flocks overwhelmed, he was ſwept away before it, and a Crocodile devoured him.

NAPLES, July 5.

WE have received Advice, that a Malteſe Ship, with eighty Hands on Board, having been attacked off the Iſland of Rhodes by two Tripolitan Corſairs, had been taken by them after an obſtinate Engagement.

Naples, July 6. The whole Diſcourſe of this Capital is about the Storm that happened in the Night between the 29th and 30th of the laſt Month, at Campo-Boſſo, when almoſt all the Roofs and Windows in the Town were broke to Pieces, by Stones of a Pound Weight and more, which ſome ſay were rained down from Heaven; but which People of a cooler Judgment imagine were blown from the Top and Sides of an adjacent Mountain.

Madrid, July 6. That the King's Orders for encreaſing the Marine may be better executed, the Marqueſs de la Enſenada, Secretary of State charged with this Department, has engaged in his Majeſty's Service an Engliſhman of great Experience in the Art of Ship Building, who has long been employed in that Capacity in his own Country, and receives a

Piſtole

Piſtole per Diem for his Salary. Since the Month of March laſt five Men of War have been built at Carthagena by that Engliſhman.

They write from Cadiz, that three Engliſh Ships have been hired there, by Order of the Court, to tranſport Troops and Ammunition to America. The laſt Letters from Peru adviſe, that their Tranquillity is not only perfectly reſtored, but that the late Conſpiracy has been in ſome Meaſure of Service, the Court having been by that Means enabled to break certain Offenſive Schemes which were about to be put in Execution. Engineers will ſoon be ſent to repair the fortified Places upon the Sea Coaſt of that Kingdom; and there is a Talk of building at the ſame Time a Fortreſs in the Iſland of Juan-Fernandez.

Algiers, July 6. Commodore Keppel who with three Sail of Engliſh Ships lay a Month in this Port, concluded in that Time a Treaty of Peace, by which it is ſtipulated that the Engliſh Packet Boats ſhall not take Paſſports, but that our Corſairs ſhall be content with the Captain's producing his Commiſſion. The new Paſſports given out here are not to be inſiſted upon as neceſſary, 'til a Year after they bear Date, and with Reſpect to the Ships bound to the Eaſt and Weſt-Indies, not 'til two Years. He has alſo concluded a Treaty of Commerce which it is ſuppoſed muſt be very advantageous, ſince the Preſents made to the Dey and his Chief Miniſters are magnificent to the laſt Degree. As the Commodore did not inſiſt this Time upon the Title of Excellency, the French Conſul, and the principal Merchants of that Nation, viſited and paid their Compliments to him.

As the Article of Commerce, the Dey expreſſes himſelf in the following Manner in a Letter he has juſt wrote to the King of Great-Britain.

"The Engliſh Merchant-ſhips ſhall enjoy the Advantage of trading in all the Ports and Places within the Dominion of the Kingdom of Algiers, where they may make the beſt Bargains they can with the Inhabitants. It has been cuſtomary hitherto to obtain a ſpecial Permiſſion for this from the Beys who command in the reſpective Places. But henceforth it ſhall be ſufficient for the Alcaides to ſee that they have no contraband Goods on Board which, in ſuch Caſe, will be ſubject to Confiſcation."

Peterſbourg, July 9. The Empreſs has ſent Orders to her new Miniſter at the Ottoman Porte, to complain in Form to the Grand Vizier, touching the late Irruptions of the Crim Tartars upon the Frontiers of the Ukraine; and 'tis not doubted but that her Imperial Majeſty will have all reaſonable Satisfaction given her upon that Subject; and the rather, as the Grand Signior has often given her Miniſter the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of his invariable Reſolution of continuing to live in Friendſhip with all the Chriſtian Powers. The Empreſs has cauſed a conſiderable Sum of Money to be remitted to her Chamberlain Count Panin at Stockholm, in Order to enable him to make a brilliant Appearance at the Coronation of their Swediſh Majeſties. There has not as yet been the leaſt Alteration in the Diſpoſition of the Troops of this Empire in Livonia or Finland; and 'tis aſſured that none will now be made 'til this Court is informed of what Steps ſhall be taken in the Aſſembly of the States of Sweden.

Genoa, July 10. This Government continues to labour with great Diligence to put the Affairs of the Bank of St. George upon a good Footing, notwithſtanding which their Notes are ſtill at 25 per Cent. Diſcount. M. de Chauvelin, the French Miniſter Plenipotentiary to this Republick, who had been obliged, by contrary Winds, to ſuſpend for ſome Days his Voyage to Corſica, put to Sea on Thurſday Morning laſt, with a fair Wind for that Iſland.

Copenhagen, July 15. The little Squadron that put to Sea ſome Time ago from this Port, as was believed for the Mediterranean, is now ſaid to have ſteered its Courſe towards the North; and as the Ships were double manned, and had Implements of all Sorts on Board, many Perſons are of Opinion that they are gone to make ſome new Settlement in that Country. The College of Œconomy and Commerce have agreed on a Plain for eſtabliſhing a Society for the Encouragement of poor People to marry, by which the Widows and Orphans of ſuch Perſons who have it not in their Power to leave them wherewithal to ſubſiſt on, are to have Penſions allowed them; the Widows for Life, and the Orphans 'til they arrive to the Age of twenty-five Years. This Plan likewiſe provides for ſuch poor old Men and Women as are turned of ſixty Years of Age, who are incapable of getting a Livelihood, and have nothing to ſubſiſt on; as alſo for poor Men worn out in the King's Service.

Peterſburgh, July 19. Her Imperial Majeſty, being willing to give her Miniſter at the Court of Vienna, a new Mark of the particular Eſteem and Regard ſhe has for his Services, has ordered his Appointments to be augmented with four thouſand Rubles a Year.

Naples, July 20. 'Tis thought ſome important Negociation is on the Tapis between this Court and that of Vienna; and the rather, as Prince Eſterhaſy, Ambaſſador from their Imperial Majeſties, has of late been invited to ſeveral Conferences that have been held by the Miniſters of this Court.

Amſterdam, July 22. We have certain Letters from the Empire in which the Authors make no Difficulty of ſaying, that if a certain Elector oppoſes with ſo much Violence the Election of a King of the Romans, it is not becauſe he would not have it ſucceed in Favour of the Houſe of Auſtria, hoping, perhaps, that he ſhall one Day be able to cauſe that Dignity to paſs into his own Houſe. Whether there be any Thing in this Conjecture or no, add theſe Letters, it's very certain that if it ſhould come to paſs, (as it's very doubtful whether it will or no) that the pretended Right of the College of the Princes, in Relation to the Neceſſity of an Election, ſhould be eſtabliſh'd, one may be aſſur'd, in that Caſe, with the Aſſiſtance of France and ſome other Electors, he would accompliſh, without much Trouble, the whole Extent of his vaſt Projects.

Frankfort, July 22. The Affairs of the North ſeeming to incline towards a ſolid Peace, ſome private Letters inſinuate, that the Courts of France and Ruſſia may ſoon come to a right Underſtanding: It is even pretended, that M. Guymont, who was formerly Miniſter of France at Genoa, and is actually in Germany, where he is to go from Court to Court, and terminate his Commiſſion at Dreſden and Berlin, will proceed from thence to Peterſbourg, if Ruſſia continues in the ſame good Diſpoſitions.

Paris, July 26. The Province of Languedoc having been alarmed at a Report induſtriouſly ſpread, of a Kind of conniving Toleration of the Huguenots; as a ſenſible Proof of his Catholick Diſpoſitions, his Majeſty has ordered the Edicts of the 17th of January and the 6th of November, 1750, to be again proclaimed there, by which all Magiſtrates and Judges are to attend to the ſtrict Execution of the Edicts againſt the pretended reformed Religion; and for the more effectual and ſpeedy Accompliſhment of ſuch a deſirable End, the King impowers the Commander in Chief, and in his Abſence the Intendant of the Province, to take Cognizance of any Diſobedience to the ſaid Edicts, and condemn the Delinquents without any Proceſs. Orders of the like wholeſome Import have been ſent to the other Provinces, that all Exerciſe of Proteſtantiſm, private as well as publick, may be ſeverely puniſhed, or totally ſuppreſſed.

Amſterdam, July 30. The laſt Ships arrived from the Eaſt-Indies bring very remarkable News, concerning the Situation of Affairs between the French and Indians: Among other Things we hear, that on the 3d of January laſt the French had concluded a Peace with the Nation diſtinguiſhed by the Name of Marattees; that the Nabob with whom they were at War had been killed by one of his Nephews, who was afterwards proclaimed in his Stead: That the latter, to denote his Gratitude to the French, from whom he had received many Services, had brought over to their Intereſt the Nations bordering on Pondicherry and the Coaſt of Coromandel, amounting together to upwards of 30,000 Men: That the new Nabob had declared Mr. Dupleix, who commands at Pondicherry, Generaliſſimo in thoſe Quarters, and got him acknowledged in that Quality by the Indian Nations: That the other Nabobs by whom they are commanded, and of whom the abovementioned is the Chief, had taken the Oaths to Mr. Dupleix: And that the principal Nabob had not confined his Acknowledgements to the Favours already related, but had conferred on the ſaid Mr. Dupleix the Government of two Places, where the French ſnugly, and privately enjoyed the Privilege and Advantage of loading and unloading their Merchandize, &c.

Hague, Auguſt 2. The following is the Memorial by which the Earl of Holderneſs took his Leave of the States General;

High and Mighty Lords!

"The King having thought proper to fix my Abode in England, by the Charge of Secretary of State, which his Majeſty has deign'd to confer on me, has expreſly ordered me, in preſenting my Letters of Recall, to renew, in his Name, the Aſſurances of his Affection and Friendſhip for your Republick, and his conſtant and invariable Reſolution to ſupport and promote, at all Times, your Intereſts, which his Majeſty regards as his own.

Theſe Sentiments, High and Mighty Lords, have been already verified by an infinite Number of memorial Examples, and they cannot be too often repeated, or too ſtrongly expreſſed. The compleat Return on the Part of your High Mightineſſes, which I have ſo often experienced in the Courſe of my Miniſtry, aſſures the eternal Duration of an Union, which is the Baſis of the Equilibrium of Europe, and the Guardian of the Publick Liberty: An Union formed on the ſame Principles, the ſame Views, the ſame Intereſts; cemented by the cloſe Alliance of the great Prince, who ſo glorioufly fills the Poſt of his illuſtrious Anceſtors: An Union, which neither Force nor Artifice have been, or ever will be, able to impair.

The Fidelity of his Majeſty in fulfilling rigorouſly his Engagements with all Powers, and his Zeal for the Support of the Syſtem on which ſolely depends the Common Security, are ſo well known and approved, that the Repetition of the King's Sentiments, in this Reſpect, would be entirely ſuperfluous. The King's Thoughts are, and will ever be, the ſame. The Wiſdom of your Counſels, High and Mighty Lords, in concurring with his Majeſty in theſe ſalutary Views affirms the Continuation of the Repoſe and Tranquillity ſo recently given to Europe.

There remains nothing more for me, High and Mighty Lords, than to expreſs my moſt hearty Acknowledgments for all the Marks of Favour and Bounty with which it has pleaſed your High Mightineſſes to honour me; and of which I ſhall retain an eternal and ſenſible Remembrance. Nearer the Sacred Perſon of my Sovereign, I ſhall perhaps have more frequent Opportunity of manifeſting my Zeal for the Service of the Republick. Happy, that in ſuch a Situation I find the Duty of a faithful Subject of the King re-united with the natural Inclination, which arduouſly leads me to embrace all your Intereſts. Accept, High and Mighty Lords, with your wonted Goodneſs, the Prayers, which I ſhall never ceaſe to make, for the Proſperity of the Republick, and for the Preſervation of the Illuſtrious Family which will ſecure its Grandeur, its Liberty, and its Religion.

Done at the Hague the 30th of July, 1751. (Signed.) HOLDERNESSE.

Hambourg, Auguſt 3. We learn by the laſt Letters from Peterſbourg, that, in Conformity to the Orders of the Empreſs, an Ordonnance has been publiſhed there, renewing that of the 11th of May 1744, which forbids, under very ſevere Penalties, the carrying of any Gold or Silver, or any Species of Ruſſian Money, out of any Part of that Empire. They write from Dreſden, that Field Marſhal Count Lowendahl, and the Counteſs his Spouſe, ſet out from thence on the 26th paſt, on their Return to France.

Francfort, Aug. 5. The Affair concerning the Church, which the Proteſtants have been for ſome Time paſt ſollicking to have built within the Walls of this City, continues in the ſame Situation it has been for ſome Time paſt; and notwitaſtanding ſeveral Princes and States of the Empire have intereſted themſelves in Favour of the Proteſtants, yet the Magiſtrates ſeem quite ſtedfaſt in refuſing their Requeſt.

Hague, Auguſt 12. We learn by private Letters from Hambourg, that the Elections for the Diet of Sweden go on very ſmoothly, that Mr. Plomgreen, an eminent Merchant, is one of the Citizens choſen for Stockholm, and that it is believed he will be (as in the two laſt Diets) elected Speaker for the Commons.——A Rumonr ſtill prevails that ſome extraordinary and unexpected Reſolutions will be taken in this Aſſembly, that cannot fail of having a ſtrong Influence upon Affairs in the North.

Count Chriſtiani, Chancellor of the Dutchy of Milan, is returned to that Capital, having happily adjuſted all the Claims for Money laid out by his Sardinian Majeſty, during the laſt War, for the Troops of the Empreſs-Queen, and regulated alſo whatever Difficulties ſtill remained in Regard to their reſpective Frontiers in Lombardy, which Negociation is not only very conſiderable in itſelf, but, it is hoped, will prove more ſo in its Conſequences, by adding new Strength to the common Cauſe in Italy.

There is no forming hitherto any Judgment of the real Deſtination of the French Squadron which ſailed lately from Breſt. Some who would be thought very penetrating, are of Opinion, that five Ships are gone to the

the East, and the like Number to the West-Indies. On the other Hand such as pretend to adhere to Matters of Fact, say very positively, that this Squadron is not victualled for any long Voyage, and if so, we must very be at the Bottom of this great Secret.

LONDON.

July 27. His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Robert Vidie, Esq; Surveyor General of his Majesty's American Islands, to be Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Maryland.

On Tuesday last a Lady of Pleasure, who had been out in a Phaeton with a Gentleman to Richmond, Hampton, Windsor, &c. was persuaded by her Spark to bath with him in a private Part of the Thames near Windsor at low Water, to which Purpose they, for Privacy, went without any Attendant to the River-Side. where they both stript, and paddled some Time within their Depth; but allured by the Pleasantness of the Day, endeavoured to cross to the other Side, which they effected, when unluckily there came such a sudden violent Storm of Rain, as obliged them to make the best of their Way over again; where they had the Satisfaction to find, that some honest Traveller had made off with their Cloaths, which they had cunningly, as they thought, stuffed into a hollow Tree; so that they were obliged to remain shivering till Night came on, before they could attempt to travel, when the Appearance of a Chaise and Pair, and the Relation of their Adventure, procured them the necessary Cloathing at an hospitable Farmer's, and got safe to Town.

We have Advice that a Proclamation has been published at Carracoa, ordering all the French and Spaniards to quit that Island within ten Days under severe Penalties. It is said to be signed by the Stadtholder, and to be occasioned by the many Abuses committed by those People on the Dutch Trade in the West-Indies.

August 3. We hear that the Treaty between the British Court and the Elector of Mentz, which expired about half a Year ago, will speedily be renewed: And, 'tis also said, that a certain Arrangement is under Consideration, the Design of which is to renew the Treaties and Conventions subsisting between this Kingdom and a neighbouring State, on such a Footing as may unite them closer, and better promote their common Interest.

They write from the Hague, that the People of Holland are very impatient to see the Successor of the Earl of Holderness, since according to the Conjectures of their ablest Politicians, Negociations of great Consequence will be speedily brought on the Carpet there, in Order to frustrate the Schemes that are forming by the Lovers of Discord.

This Week two Ægyptian Mummies, Male and Female, were landed at the Custom-House. They had been buried upwards of 1700 Years, and were consigned to an eminent Merchant of this City.

WILLIAMSBURG, November 14.

Entries, in *York* River, from *October* 10 to *November* 10, 1751.

Octo. 11. *Schooner John and Eleanor, John Thomson from Barbados.*
13. *Sloop Fanny, William Whiterong, from Barbados.*
14. *Brigt. Jane, Isaac Hardtman, from St. Christophers.*
28. *Ship Murdock, Robert Hamilton, from Halifax.*
30. *Brigt. Lætitia, John Wall, from Barbados and Madeira.*
Nov. 1. *Sloop May-Flower, Henry Mitchell, from Bermuda.*
5. *Sloop John, John Livingston, from Rhode-Island.*

Cleared Outwards.

Octo. 11. *Ship Elizabeth, Edward Purden, for London.*
12. *Brigt. Abington, James Mudie, for Maryland.*
14. *Snow Thomas and Betty, Robert Beattie, for Montrose.*
26. *Snow Pamunkey, Edward Noel, for Maryland.*
Nov. 9. *Ship Sandwich, Thomas Hazlewood, for London.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

By Permission of His Honour the PRESIDENT,

ON *Monday* the 18th of *November* Inst. will be perform'd, at Capt. *Newton*'s great Room in *Norfolk*, a Comedy call'd, The RECRUITING OFFICER. With Entertainments as will be express'd in the Bills.

RAN away, some Time in *August* last, from the Subscriber's Plantation, on *Willis*'s Creek, in *Albemarle* County, a new Negroe Man Slave, who was imported this Summer in the *Williamsburg*, Captain *Tate*; as he cannot tell who he belongs to he may be committed to Prison, though there is some Reason to believe he was met on the Road and carried high up the Country: He is a strong made Fellow, about five Feet ten Inches high, stoops much in the Shoulders, and has a surly down Look: The little Time I had him he went by the Name of *David*, tho' he may not now remember it; he had on when he went away a new strong Oznabrig Shirt, a blue Pennystone Waistcoat, sew'd up the Sides the whole Breadth of the Cloth, and a new *Scotch* Bonnet.

I hereby offer a Reward of Two Pistoles (besides what the Law allows) to any Person who shall have taken him up, and will bring him to me in *Chesterfield*, or to Mr. *James Allen* in *Albemarle* County; or if he is stolen, as is suspected, I will give Ten Pistoles to any Person that will inform me in whose Possession he is, so that I may have him again.

Archibald Cary.

STOLEN from *Petersburg*, on *Sunday* the 3d of *November* Inst. a dapple grey Horse, about 14 Hands high, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Buttock Y.

Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, living in *Petersburg*, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, paid by

James Stark.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *York* County, on the 28th Day of *February* last, a Negroe Boy, named *William Alvise*, about 12 Years old; he has a very sly roguish Look, and had on when he went away a blue Half-thick Waistcoat and Breeches. Whoever brings him to me, shall have a Pistole Reward, besides what the Law allows, paid by

2 *Robert Crawley.*

N. B. I have been inform'd, that he lives at *Brunswick.*

Williamsburg, October 27, 1751.

TAKEN up and now in the Subscriber's Stable, a light colour'd Grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, with a hanging Mane, and Switch Tail; he is galled on the Breast with a Collar or Harness, has a Sore on the Middle of his Back, and a small Black Spot on his off Buttock, but not branded. The Owner proving his Property may have him again, on paying Charges to

Samuel Galt.

THE Disappointments I have met with this Court in collecting my Debts, long due, oblige me to give this public Notice, That I shall henceforward deliver no Work out of my Shop, 'til I have either received the Money, or a Promise from some Gentleman in *Williamsburg* to pay me at an appointed Time.

James Spiers.

WANTED,

A CABINET or Chair-maker, who understands his Business. Any such may hear of Employment on applying to the Printer.

THE Managers of the *Elkhaven* Lottery, finding it impossible to dispose of the Tickets in the said Lottery, occasioned by several malicious Insinuations and Reports, hereby give Notice, That those Persons who have bought Tickets may have their Money return'd, by the Persons of whom they bought them.

Hog-Island, November 2, 1751.

THIS is give Notice, That the Plantation and Ferry in *Hog-Island*, is to be let at *Christmas* next. Likewise the Subscriber is in want of two Overseers that understand Cropping and looking after Stock, *viz.* One that has a Wife that understands a Dairy, the other a single Man to live in my Family; and likewise a Blacksmith that understands making Plantation Work, may have good Encouragement from

John Holt.

THE Subscriber intends (God willing) to sail for the *West-Indies* some Time in *January* next.

John Livingston, Jun.

To be Sold to the highest Bidder (pursuant to the Will of James Johnson, *late of* Charles-City *County) on the first Day of* January *next,*

A TRACT of Land joining upon *James River*, opposite to Col. *Nathaniel Harrison*'s Seat, at *Martin*'s *Brandon*, containing 312 Acres, with a good new Store-house, a Stable and Corn-Cribb, and a fine young Apple-Orchard, with the best Sort of Fruit upon it. The Sale to be upon the Premisses, and Six Months Credit will be allowed the Purchaser for Payment of the Money, upon his giving Bond and Security, to

8 *Richard Cocke,* } Executors.
Benjamin Cocke, }

November 1, 1751.

A RED and white pied Steer, marked with a Crop and a Slit in the right Ear, and a Hole in the Left, came last *July* was twelve Month to the Plantation of the Subscriber, who on the 29th *ult.* killed the said Steer, which weighed 302 *lbs.* Nett, two honest Neighbours being present: The Ears I set up at *Surry* Court-House, and am ready to pay the Owner for the Beef.

3ll *John Barker.*

Chesterfield, in *Caroline* County, *October* 31, 1751.

LAST Night the Subscriber's Stable was broke open, and a valuable young Horse stolen out of the same; he is branded ot the near Buttock A I, in small Letters, he is of a handsom Bay Colour, trots and gallops very well, paces slow, and may be known by his being very gentle and easily caught.

Whoever will take up and secure the said Horse, and Thief, shall have Two Pistoles Reward, paid by

John Almand.

ON *Friday* the 13th of *December* next, at *Gloucester* Court-House, will be Sold at Auction, a Parcel of choice *Virginia* born Slaves, several Books, some Horses and other Stock, belonging to the Estate of the late Rev. Mr. *John Reade*. Six Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaser giving Bond and good Security, to

4 *Philip Rootes.*

Petersburg, October 23, 1751.

RAN away from the Subscriber an *English* Servant Man, named *John Bartholomew*; he is a short set Fellow, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, about 26 Years of Age, by Trade a Taylor; had on when he went away, an old light colour'd Cloth Coat and Waistcoat, dark brown Breeches, a brown Wig, and a small flapt Hat; he took with him a Wallet, a dark brown Cloth Coat, lapell'd, with blue Lining and gilt Buttons, a Scarlet Waistcoat not finished, and grey Baragon Breeches. Whoever takes up the said Run-away, and brings him to me, shall have Four Pistoles Reward if taken in *Virginia*, and Six Pistoles if taken out of this Colony, paid by me,

t. f. *Robert Hutchings.*

ON *Wednesday* the 20th Instant will be Sold, at the Dwelling-House of the late Mrs. *Elizabeth Thacker*, all her personal Estate in *Middlesex* County, and on the *Monday* following her Stocks, &c. in *King and Queen* County, will be Sold at her Quarter in that County. Credit will be given 'til the first of *April* next, the Purchaser giving Security to

2 *Henry Washington*, Administrator.

AS the Subscriber intends to leave this Colony in 6 or 8 Months, he proposes to let the Plantation of *Maycox*, in *Prince George* County, on *James* River, containing 600 Acres of good Land for Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, or Pasturage, on which is a commodious Brick Dwelling-House, two Story high, 64 by 42, with Cellars, a Brick Kitchen and other convenient Houses; also the Warehouse of *Maycox*, a publick Ferry to *Westover*, a Store-House with a Room and Brick Chimney, and Warehouse well situate to Trade.

Also a Plantation about 6 Miles from *Maycox*, containing 125 Acres, on which is a Mill; and another Plantation, distant about 12 Miles from *Maycox* and 6 from the Mill, of 900 Acres, both provided with Houses and what else is necessary for making Tobacco, Corn, &c. together with 25 Slaves, of whom 15 work on the Ground, and the others Tradesmen and House Servants.

Whoever inclines to rent the above, or any Part thereof, may apply to the Subscriber, at *Maycox*, who will let them know the Terms.

t. f. *G. M'Murdo.*

Hanover, October 26, 1751.

IMPORTED in the *Prince Frederick*, Capt. *Rogers*, a Cask mark'd HR in a Piece, No. 2. containing 50,000 6 *d.* Nails, which 'tis believ'd was, thro' Mistake carried round to *Rappahannock*. Whoever has the said Cask is desired to contrive it to Messrs. *Seabrook* and *Reynolds*, at *York*, or to *Page*'s Warehouse, and they shall be paid all reasonable Charges, by

Samuel Gist.

To be SOLD, for ready Money, at the Court of Oyer *and* Terminer, *in* December *next,*

A VERY good Dwelling-House, with all necessary Conveniencies, situate in the City of *Williamsburg*, lately belonging to Mr. *Thomas Dickson*, deceas'd, the Purchaser to enter on the Premisses immediately. 5

Williamsburg, October 31, 1751.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons indebted for the Duty upon Slaves imported, That all Notes for that Duty, which shall not be taken in or discharged, at or before the Court of *Oyer and Terminer* in *December* next, will be then delivered to His Majesty's Attorney General, to be put in Suit without further Delay.

John Robinson, Treasurer.

Williamsburg, October 31, 1751.

WHEREAS many Perſons indebted to me, have, contrary to their Promiſe, neglected to pay me at the Time agreed, and thereby ſubjected me to great Inconveniencies and Loſs, and moſt of my Creditors have inſiſted on Bonds, from me, which muſt go on. Intereſt 'til People diſcharge their Debts; I hereby give Notice, that whatever Ballance, or Debts, remain unpaid at *Oyer* and *Terminer* next, muſt be put in Suit; and for the future, I ſhall deal only for ready Money: To thoſe Perſons who will conſider how great a Sufferer I am by paying Intereſt, for that very Money that they are indebted to me, and diſcharge their Accounts this Court, I ſhall always acknowledge myſelf

Their obliged humble Servant,

Francis Webb.

Northampton County, *October* 28, 1751.

RAN away from *York* Town about the 1ſt of laſt Month, a *Virginia*-born Negroe Slave named *Tom*, belonging to the Subſcriber; he is about 28 Years of Age, near 6 Feet high, and has had the Small-pox: It is ſuppos'd that he took with him a black Mare, near *York* Town, and is gone either to *Goochland* County after his Wife, who was lately purchaſed and carried to the ſaid County by *John Carlisle* Merchant, reſiding there, or towards *North-Carolina*. He took with him a Pair of blue Cloth Breeches, a black Cloth Veſt, two cloſe-bodied Cloth Coats, one of them of an Orange Colour, a dark colour'd great Coat with Braſs Buttons, Worſted Stockings, and *Engliſh* Shoes pretty much worn, a fine Caſtor Hat Rat-eaten at the Brim, and other Cloaths; alſo ſeveral fine and coarſe Shirts. Whoever apprehends and brings him to Mr. *Gibbons*, at *York*, ſhall have Five Piſtoles if taken in *Virginia*, and Ten Piſtoles Reward if taken out of *Virginia*, beſides what the Law allows, paid by

Griffin Stith.

6

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of very good Land, containing 600 Acres, in *Fairfax* County, on a Run called *Wolf*-Run, about 6 Miles from *Occoquon* Warehouſe, well water'd and timber'd, on which is very good Conveniency for Meadow and Griſt-Mill, a ſmall young Apple and Peach Orchard; the Buildings not of much Value except a 40 Feet Tobacco-houſe. The Title indiſputable. For Terms of Sale apply to Mr. *Nathaniel Chapman*, in *Stafford* County, or the Subſcriber in *Cecil* County, *Maryland*.

James Baxter.

4‖

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of Land in *Hanover* County, containing 400 Acres, lying on the South Fork of *Pamunkey* River, about 12 Miles above *Hanover* Court-Houſe, the low Grounds lying a Mile on the River, of a tolerable Width, the Land is well timber'd and water'd, and lies level, there is a Dwelling Houſe 36 Feet by 16, with a Brick Chimney with two Fire Places on the lower Floor, and a back Building to the Houſe 20 Feet by 16, and a Brick Chimney, two Barns, two Tobacco Houſes, and ſeveral other Out-Houſes. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to *David Crawford*, on the Premiſſes. Credit will be given for half the Money. 3‖

I HEREBY require all County Court Clerks who have not already accounted with me, to pay my Dues to Mr. *Robert Carter Nicholas*, in *Williamſburg*.

LEWIS BURWELL.

Lancaſter, October 21, 1751.

ON the firſt Day of *June* laſt was taken away from the Subſcriber, by Two Run-aways, a ſmall two Maſt Boat, with a Forecaſtle, a Mulberry Stem and Stern-poſt, as are the chief if not all of her Timbers; ſhe is about 15 or 16 Feet Keel.

Whoever will give me Intelligence (at Capt. *James Gordon's*, on *Corrotoman* River) ſo that I may have her again, ſhall have Half a Piſtole Reward, paid by

John Irons.

October 24, 1751.

STRAY'D from *Weſtover*, about the 14th of this Inſtant, a Black Mare, about 14 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock C C. She was bred at Col. *Charles Carter's*, in *King George*, and is ſuppos'd to be gone that Way. Whoever brings her to Col. *Charles Carter*, Mr. *Neilſon Anderſon*, at the Falls of *James* River, or to me, ſhall have Four Piſtoles Reward.

William Byrd.

4

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber, in Eſſex *County,*

A TRACT of Land, containing about 300 Acres, with exceeding good Buildings upon it, alſo an Orchard, and a Fiſh-Pond, and the Plantation in very good Order; it is conveniently ſituated for any Buſineſs, about 4 Miles from *Hobbs's-Hole*. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid Land, may apply to the Subſcriber, at *Hobbs's-Hole*.

John Clements.

6‖

N. B. Any reaſonable Time of Payment will be given.

October 11, 1751.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, at the Naval Office in *Charles* County, *Maryland*, on the 6th Inſtant, Two Convict Servant Men, *viz.*

Joſiah Rainberd, a Cabinet-maker and Joiner by Trade, about 5 Feet 9 Inches high, of a fair Complection, looks thin, having been lately ſick with Fevers; he has a great Variety of wearing Apparel, in particular a Scarlet Waiſtcoat and Breeches, and a Black Cloth Waiſtcoat; he is a very ſmooth-tongued inſinuating Fellow, and an *Engliſhman* born.

James Cole, a Bricklayer by Trade, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, a briſk, well-made, active Fellow, very talkative, has an inſolent daring Aſpect when provok'd, naturally of a browniſh Complection, much Sun-burnt, has loſt the Fore-finger of his right Hand, it being cut off cloſe to the firſt Joint; he was meanly apparell'd, but 'tis probable that the Joiner will ſupply him with Cloaths. They went in a Skew, and took with them a Gun and a Joiners Hatchet. Whoever apprehends and conveys them, or either of them to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Ten Guineas Reward for the firſt mentioned Convict Servant, and Five Guineas for the latter, to be paid on Delivery, by

Richard Lee.

4

N. B. A Servant Man, by Trade a Barber, belonging to *Benjamin Fendall*, Eſq; went off at the ſame Time, in Company with the above Run-aways; he is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a darkiſh Complection and ſickly Look, an *Iriſhman* born, ſpeaks much upon the Brogue. Whoever delivers him to his Maſter will receive Two Piſtoles Reward, excluſive of the Allowance by Law.

TAKEN up Two ſtray'd Horſes, one a dark Bay, about 4 Feet 7 Inches high, branded on the near Buttock T D; the other a Sorrel, branded on the near Shoulder ⊕; their Age unknown. Any Perſon proving their Property may have them, at Col. *John Chiſwell's* in *Hanover*, on paying the Charges of this Advertiſement, according to Law.

William Arthur.

3‖

Cheſterfield County, *October* 20, 1751.

CAME to the Subſcriber's Paſture, in *Neck of Land*, in this County, ſome Time in *May* laſt, a ſmall Sorrel Horſe, with a Sprig Tail, and a ſmall Bell on, he is not branded, and ſeems to look pretty old. The proper Owner is deſired to fetch him away, and pay all Charges, leſt the Horſe ſtray further.

Tarlton Woodſon.

3‖

STRAY'D from the Subſcriber, in *Glouceſter* County, about the Middle of *June* laſt, a large dark Bay Draught Horſe, branded on the Shoulder A. Whoever brings him to me, or gives Intelligence, ſo that I may have him again, ſhall have Half a Piſtole Reward; and if taken out of the County a Piſtole, paid by

t. f.

Ralph Finch.

ALL Perſons that have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Major *William Walker* late of *Stafford* County, deceas'd, are deſired to bring or ſend their Claims, immediately, to Col. *Nathaniel Harriſon*, of *Stafford* County, that they may be adjuſted, and all thoſe who are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

6

To be Sold, on the firſt *Thurſday* in *January* next, for ready Money, a large Parcel of choice valuable Slaves, at the ſaid *Walker's* Plantation, at *Paſpetanzey*, in *Stafford* County.

t. j. r.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber, in Prince-George,

THE Land, and Plantation, on which the Subſcriber lives, on the South Side of *Appamattox*-River, about 5 Miles above *Bolling's* Warehouſe; containing about 1100 Acres, of very level Ground, the greateſt Part being good for Corn, and with little Manure produces good Tobacco, Part of which is Two Pieces of low Grounds each about 30,000 Corn Hills; the Buildings are, a Dwelling-Houſe, and Kitchen, with Brick Chimnies, alſo another deſign'd for a Dwelling-Houſe unfiniſh'd, 32 by 16, likewiſe ſeveral convenient Out-Houſes, and 2 large fram'd Barns, Stable, *&c.* with about 200 young bearing Apple, Peach, Cherry, and other Fruit Trees of ſeveral Kinds. Within Half a Mile from the ſaid Plantation, on ſaid River are Two Water Griſt-Mills with Cullon Stones, and a Bolting-Mill work'd by a Water Wheel, all in one Houſe, and may be attended by one Perſon; they have conſtant Water in dryeſt Summers, and are in no Danger of Freſhes: At ſaid Mill is a Bake-Houſe with all Conveniencies for baking Biſcuit. Near ſaid Plantation, on ſaid Land, is Preparation for another Plantation, a new Tobacco-Houſe being built, and about 35,000 Corn-Hills cleared. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the Terms, *&c.* by applying to Mr. *Power* in *Williamſburg*; Col. *Bernard Moore*, or Mr. *Hubard*, in *King-William*, or to me on the Premiſſes.

Alſo 400 Acres of Land on *Mountain*-Creek, in *Amelia*, Price 40 *l.* the Quality and Direction to ſaid Land, may be known from Major *Watſon* of ſaid County.

Anthony Walke.

8

Mr. *HUNTER*,

AS I am about an Abridgment of the new Laws, the Copy of which will be compleat by the General Court; I have been prevailed on to print it, if I have a Proſpect of ſaving myſelf, though the Treatment I met from the Subſcribers to the laſt had determined me never to be again concerned in an Undertaking of the like Kind: You muſt be ſenſible that near 1200 of that Edition were left upon my Hands by the Subſcribers, after they were not only printed but bound, ſo that beſides fifteen Years Intereſt of 400 and odd Pounds which that Edition coſt me, I have not only loſt all my own Labour but am above 30 Pounds out of Pocket, I therefore propoſe,

That the Abridgment ſhall be printed on as good a Paper, and with as good a Letter as the laſt, and be well bound in Calf, and lettered on the Back.

That every Act of Aſſembly ſhall be abridged under its proper Head; but where any Act contains different Matters, ſuch Part or Parts of it, as relate to every diſtinct Matter ſhall be abridged under ſeveral and diſtinct Heads.

That there ſhall be annexed Tables of the Powers and Authorities given to, and the Injunctions laid on every County Court, Juſtice of the Peace, and every Officer whatſoever in this Colony, with the Penalties inflicted on every Breach of Duty.

That proper Tables ſhall be added to render the Whole complete.

Every Subſcriber to pay a Piece of Eight upon ſubſcribing, for which a Receipt will be given, and a Note to deliver a Book on the Payment of Five Shillings more.

As the Diſappointment I have already met with, will be a ſufficient Caution to me not to print a greater Number than are ſubſcribed for: All Perſons willing to ſubſcribe are deſired to ſend their Names, and Places of Abode, to *Williamſburg*; where conſtant Attendance will be given, at my Lodgings, during the ſitting of the General Court, to deliver out Receipts: They may likewiſe be had of Mr. *Charles Dick*, at *Fredericſburg*, and at the *Printing-Office*.

When the Books are ready to be delivered to the Subſcribers Notice will be given of it in the *Virginia Gazette*, and continued for ſome Time, and the Books may be had at my Houſe, or at the *Printing-Office* in *Williamſburg*; but if any of the Subſcribers fail to produce their Receipts, and demand their Books fifteen Months after Publication of ſuch Notice, what Books are then left will be diſpoſed of to any Perſon that will purchaſe them, and the Subſcribers will loſe their Subſcription Money

As ſoon as 400 Books are ſubſcribed for, the Copy will be ſent to Preſs, and printed off with all Expedition.

I purpoſe, as long as I live, to abridge the Laws of every ſucceeding Seſſion, as a Continuation, which ſhall be ſold at the loweſt Price it can be afforded, in which will be particularly noted every Act and Clauſe that is from Time to Time altered or repealed, and all new Powers and Authorities given to, or Injunctions laid on Courts or Officers.

John Mercer.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber, living in Prince George *County, on the Premiſſes,*

FOURTEEN Hundred Acres of Land, containing both valuable high and low Grounds, affords good Water, good Paſturage, and is well timber'd with large Oak, Pine and Poplar, whereon are three good Plantations, in good Order for Cropping: and the Manor Plantation is a very handſome Situation, with the following Conveniencies, *viz.* One Dwelling-houſe 38 by 25, containing 4 Rooms and 4 Cloſets, with 2 Brick Chimneys, plaiſter'd and white-waſh'd, alſo another Dwelling-houſe 38 by 18, with a Stack of Chimneys in the Middle, 2 Rooms on a Floor, and a large Cloſet, plaiſter'd and white-waſh'd, a good Dairy, Meat-houſe, Smoak-houſe, Kitchen, Quarter, Spinning-houſe with a Brick Chimney, one 40 and one 32 Feet Tobacco Houſes, a large well-fix'd Store, with ſeveral other convenient Houſes and Orchards; and on each of the other Plantations are two 32 Feet Tobacco Houſes, an Overſeer's Houſe, and Negroe Quarters, likewiſe Orchards, and good Water.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber on the Premiſſes.

t. f.

Thomas Eldridge.

Juſt PUBLISH'D,

THE *Virginia* ALMANACK, for the Year of our LORD GOD 1752. Being BISSEXTILE, or LEAP-YEAR. Wherein are contained, the Lunations, Conjunctions, Eclipſes; the Increaſe, Decreaſe, and Length of the Days and Nights, the Sun and Moon's Riſing and Setting; the Riſing, Setting, and Southing of the Heavenly Bodies; Court Days, Weather, Cure of a fatal Diſeaſe, Directions to Planters, *&c. &c.*

Calculated according to Art; and referred to the Horizon of Thirty Eight Degrees *North* Latitude, and a Meridian of Five Hours *Weſt* from the City of *London*; fitting *Virginia, Maryland, North-Carolina, &c.*

Williamſburg: Printed and Sold by WILLIAM HUNTER. Price 5 *s.* per Dozen, or 7½ *d.* each.

N. B. This ALMANACK is regulated by the late Act of Parliament for altering the Style, and the Subſtance of the Act inſerted.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM HUNTER, at the POST-OFFICE; by whom Perſons may be ſupplied with this Paper. Advertiſements of a moderate Length are inſerted for Three Shillings the firſt Week, and Two Shillings each Week after.